

了解您的風險

由於免疫系統被削弱，癌症患者處於嚴重 COVID-19 感染的風險增加^{1,2}。

導致免疫系統減弱的因素包括²:



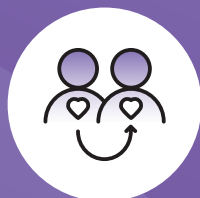
化學治療



長期使用類固醇



某些類型的免疫療法



幹細胞或骨髓移植

發生感染時可能會迅速惡化而演變為重症¹。

COVID-19
Know
&Go



請向您的醫生諮詢更多資訊，
也可參訪
knowandgo.tw

參考文獻:

- 1.COVID-19: What People with Cancer Should Know. National Cancer Institute. Updated April 10, 2024. Accessed August 30, 2024. <https://www.cancer.gov/about-cancer/coronavirus/coronavirus-cancer-patient-information>
- 2.Questions About COVID-19 and Cancer. American Cancer Society. Last Revised March 25, 2024. Accessed August 30, 2024. <https://www.cancer.org/cancer/managing-cancer/coronavirus-covid-19-and-cancer/questions-about-covid-19-and-cancer.html>
- 3.COVID-19. People with Certain Medical Conditions and COVID-19 Risk Factors. Centers for Disease Control & Prevention. Updated June 24, 2024. Accessed August 29, 2024. <https://www.cdc.gov/covid/risk-factors/index.html>
- 4.COVID-19: vulnerable and high risk groups. World Health Organization. Accessed December 20, 2023. <https://www.who.int/westernpacific/emergencies/covid-19/information/high-risk-groups>
- 5.Testing for COVID-19. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Updated August 24, 2024. Accessed August 29, 2024. <https://www.cdc.gov/covid/testing/index.html>
- 6.Types of COVID-19 Treatment. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Updated July 12, 2024. Accessed August 29, 2024. <https://www.cdc.gov/covid/treatment/index.html>
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- 8.Common Cold. National Health Service. Last reviewed March 22, 2024. Accessed August 29, 2024. <https://www.nhs.uk/conditions/common-cold/>
- 9.Cold Versus Flu. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Accessed August 29, 2024. <https://www.cdc.gov/flu/symptoms/coldflu.htm>
- 10.Vaccine efficacy, effectiveness and protection. World Health Organization. Published July 14, 2021. Accessed August 29, 2024. <https://www.who.int/news-room/feature-stories/detail/vaccine-efficacy-effectiveness-and-protection>

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如何在新冠病毒 (COVID-19) 的威脅下 持續奮戰、對抗癌症¹?



癌症患者的 COVID-19 重症感染風險增高¹。



儘早行動

了解您的風險狀況：

即使您只有一項危險因子，也要持續檢查所有危險因子。完整的危險因子列表可參照 [knowandgo.tw](https://www.knowandgo.tw)³

一旦發現症狀請立刻進行檢測：

如果您出現發燒、咳嗽、倦怠及/或呼吸困難的症狀⁴，請不要忽視，立即接受 COVID-19 檢測並尋求醫療協助⁵。

告訴您的醫師：

如果您的檢測結果呈陽性，請立刻聯繫您的醫生；現在有特別用於治療 COVID-19、只能由醫師處方的藥物⁶。

務必牢記

儘管感染 COVID-19 的症狀可能和普通感冒類似，但它們是不同的疾病⁷⁻⁹。

即使接種了疫苗也無法提供您 100% 的保護，可能會出現突破性的感染¹⁰。

現在有特定的處方藥物可用於治療非重症的 COVID-19 感染⁶。

